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How climate change may affect agriculture?

Responsible for only 12.5% of the issue of greenhouse gases, Latin America will be one of the most affected regions to global temperature continues to rise. This translates into more intense heat waves, more droughts, as well as direct impacts on food production - especially fruits and vegetables. The expert assessment is that these changes can generate even social instability in the countries. Learn a little more about this subject in this newsletter and in the article "How often we use the words climate change on a daily basis?".

Source: El País

International media highlights climate impacts in Brazilian agriculture

Article published in <u>"The Wall Street Journal"</u> shows how the strong wave of heat and lack of rain have damaged the production of vegetables and fruit in the metropolitan region of São Paulo. The reflection of that is becoming increasingly clear in the supermarket aisles and especially for producers and consumers.

Source: The Wall Street Journal

Drought affects agricultural production

The city of Uberaba, Minas Gerais, is in a <u>state of emergency</u> because of drought. A loss of 30% to 50% in the fields. With 320,000 inhabitants, the city has 353 farmers in the Food Acquisition Program and others who sell their products directly in the Supply Center.

Source: Estadão.com

Vegetables are sold at twice the price

The lack of water for irrigation <u>increased to twice</u> the value of some vegetables in Sao Paulo. The shortage in the production of green beans, okra, lettuce and pea pie is cause for concern among marketers Ceagesp and fairground. A okra box, which previously cost R\$ 70, went on to be sold in the store for R\$ 140. At the fairs, the head of lettuce that could be found to R\$ 1,50 today runs R\$ 4.

Source: Metro



ceagesp.oficial

